Tackling global challenges requires a platform for exchanging ideas and discussing solutions. The CPC in Dialogue With World Political Parties High-Level Meeting provides such a platform to discuss common concerns, work together toward the new guiding principles for building a community with a shared future for mankind.

The meeting, held in December 2018, was co-organized by the International Department of the CPC Central Committee and the World Political Parties High-Level Meeting Secretariat. It brought together political parties and representatives from over 200 countries, discussing key issues such as economic globalization, environmental protection, and national defense.

President Xi Jinping, General Secretary of the CPC Central Committee, delivered a keynote speech titled "Promoting Peaceful Development and共同 Building a Community with a Shared Future for Mankind." He underscored the importance of maintaining world peace, promoting development, and ensuring a harmonious coexistence. 

In his speech, President Xi called for a new model of party-to-party relations, emphasizing the need for political parties to strengthen self-improvement and learning from each other. He also emphasized the significance of fostering a new era of cooperation and exchanging personnel, knowledge, and culture.

The meeting concluded with the announcement of a new model of party-to-party relations, which includes the following principles:

1. Committed to common development and sharing opportunities.
2. Committed to common prosperity and sharing achievements.
3. Committed to common responsibility and sharing challenges.
4. Committed to common identity and sharing cultural values.
5. Committed to common ideals and sharing political goals.

The new model of party-to-party relations was designed to foster mutual respect, mutual learning, and mutual development. It aims to build a community with a shared future for mankind, where all political parties can work together toward a harmonious future.

By Ma Xiaowen

A beautiful world

Xi Jinping, General Secretary of the CPC Central Committee, delivers a speech at the opening ceremony of the CPC in Dialogue With World Political Parties High-Level Meeting in Beijing on December 1.

The meeting is the first multilateral diplomatic level dialogue between the CPC and world political parties. It provides a platform to discuss key global issues, such as economic globalization, environmental protection, and national defense. The meeting also aims to promote cooperation between political parties and organizations from different regions and cultures.

China's success comes at a time when many countries are looking for new paradigms on which to base their development. The CPC in Dialogue With World Political Parties High-Level Meeting is a platform to exchange ideas and discuss solutions to common challenges, working together toward a harmonious future.
Xi Jinping, General Secretary of the Communist Party of China and President of the People’s Republic of China, delivered a keynote speech on December 3 at the China in Dialogue with World Political Parties High-Level Meeting in Beijing. The theme of the meeting is “Operating the World under the Guidance of the Concept of a Community with a Shared Future for Mankind.”

Building a community with a shared future for mankind requires that we work together to address a series of global challenges. We should seize the historic opportunity and make the right choices at a right time. This is the principle that Xi Jinping put forward when he delivered the keynote address at the China in Dialogue with World Political Parties High-Level Meeting.

New model of party-to-party relations

Model party-to-party relations should help parties develop in a healthy way. It must be built on respect for various models of development and recognize the importance of each country’s road to development. The Chinese Communist Party is open to engaging in dialogue, exchanges and cooperation with the people and political parties of any country, based on the principle of mutual respect and -authoritative -practical. We respect other parties’ cultural backgrounds and national history, and we share common values. This is the foundation to establish model party-to-party relations.

We should operate the world under the guidance of the concept of a community with a shared future for mankind. We should jointly remove the root causes of war, reach out to our friends across the world. Over the years, we have maintained regular party-to-party exchanges and cooperation. With these efforts, we can create a great modern socialist country that is prosperous, strong, democratic, culturally advanced, harmonious and beautiful. This will deliver a better world.

Dear friends,

Today, the world is undergoing changes, so is the way in which we approach politics. The Chinese Communist Party (CPC) is determined to contribute to the world’s development and progress. As a good faith partner of the world, we will contribute to building a community with a shared future for mankind.

The CPC will embrace and approach the achievements of other parties. We have always been committed to the cause of internationalism. We will continue to live up to the mission of the CPC and the Chinese people since the mid-19th century. From 1921 to 1949, to realize peace and stability in China and secure a better life for its people, the CPC led the Chinese people in establishing the People’s Republic of China in 1949. The CPC achieved national rejuvenation and embarked on the broad road to national rejuvenation. The Chinese nation has a long history and a splendid civilization, yet it was ravaged by turmoil and upheaval of blood and fire since modern times. The CPC inevitably faced the history’s mission of leading the Chinese people to achieve national rejuvenation.

The CPC knows deeply that the Chinese people have their own cultural genes and unique historic identity. We are not afraid to learn from others, nor are we afraid to advance in our own way. We will never copy others or export national models. We will never try to impose our ideology or values on others. We will never reverse the law governing the evolution of human society, and share with other countries the practice of socialism with Chinese characteristics. We have been practicing the CPC’s theory, the Marxist-Leninist theory and Deng Xiaoping theory, and the important thought of the three representatives.”

In closing, I wish the CPC in Dialogue With World Political Parties High-Level Meeting every success!

Thank you all.
Xi Jinping (R), General Secretary of the CPC Central Committee and President of People’s Republic of China, meets with Chairperson of the Cambodian People’s Party and Prime Minister Hun Sen at the CPC in Dialogue With World Political Parties High-Level Meeting in Beijing on December 1, 2017 (XINHUA)

Xi Jinping (R), General Secretary of the CPC Central Committee and President of People’s Republic of China, meets with Myanmar State Counselor Aung San Suu Kyi at the CPC in Dialogue With World Political Parties High-Level Meeting in Beijing on December 1, 2017 (XINHUA)

Zhang Dejiang (R), Chairman of the Standing Committee of the National People’s Congress, meets with visiting delegates at the CPC in Dialogue With World Political Parties High-Level Meeting in Beijing on December 2, 2017 (XINHUA)

Vice Premier Wang Yang (R), also member of the Standing Committee of the CPC Central Committee Political Bureau, meets with Natsuo Yamaguchi, leader of Japan’s Komeito Party, on December 1, 2017 (XINHUA)

Wang Huning (R), member of the Standing Committee of the CPC Central Committee Political Bureau and member of the CPC Central Committee Secretariat, meets with visiting delegates at the CPC in Dialogue With World Political Parties High-Level Meeting in Beijing on December 2, 2017 (XINHUA)

Huang Kunming (R), member of the Political Bureau of the CPC Central Committee and head of the Publicity Department of the CPC Central Committee, meets with delegates from left-wing political parties at the CPC in Dialogue With World Political Parties High-Level Meeting in Beijing on December 2, 2017 (COURTESY OF IDCPC)

Du Qinglin, member of the CPC Central Committee Secretariat and Vice Chairman of the National Committee of the Chinese People’s Political Consultative Conference, meets with delegates at the CPC in Dialogue With World Political Parties High-Level Meeting in Beijing (COURTESY OF IDCPC)

Yang Jiechi (second R), State Councilor and member of the Political Bureau of the CPC Central Committee, meets with delegates from the Republican and Democratic parties of the United States in Beijing on December 2, 2017 (COURTESY OF IDCPC)

Yang Xiaodu (second R), member of the CPC Central Committee Political Bureau, member of the CPC Central Committee Secretariat, Deputy Secretary of the Central Commission for Discipline Inspection, Minister of Supervision, and Director of the National Bureau of Corruption Prevention, meets with delegates at the CPC in Dialogue With World Political Parties High-Level Meeting in Beijing (COURTESY OF IDCPC)

Song Tao (R), head of the International Department of the CPC Central Committee, meets with Ulises Guilarte de Nacimiento, member of the Political Bureau of the Communist Party of Cuba Central Committee and Secretary General of the Cuban Workers Federation, on December 3, 2017 (XINHUA)

Song Tao (R), head of the International Department of the CPC Central Committee, meets with Natsuo Yamaguchi (left), leader of Japan’s Komeito Party, at the CPC in Dialogue With World Political Parties High-Level Meeting on December 2, 2017 (COURTESY OF IDCPC)
Taking the stage
-- China's political party dialogue meeting and China's role in a global future

By Song Liang

The 19th National Congress of the Communist Party of China (CPC) was held in Beijing from Oct 18 to 24, with the theme of "Unifying the Whole Party and the Whole People to Strive for the Great Chinese Dream of National Rejuvenation in an Era of New History." This historic event was an international political party dialogue meeting where China's thought leadership and governance wisdom were shared with the world by a party and country with profound historical and cultural roots and a unique political system. It is a new time for China, but at the same time, this process is looked at with special interest by socialists and progressives around the world.

The achievements of the Congress defined four key issues: first, the country's progress will depend on how it identifies and achieves its goals; second, to achieve a sustainable equilibrium and security; third, to manage the transition from a high-speed growth stage to a new stage of development; and fourth, to achieve a balanced and coordinated development of East and West. China's complex make up, all the while respecting and supporting different views and perspectives, is an important basis for a new approach to global governance. To address the lack of consensus and stalemate in the global governance model practiced for so long, China proposes the Belt and Road Initiative and the Eurasian Economic Union project offer an opportunity to provide stability in the crisis-hit region, despite the growing wave of anti-globalization and protectionism. China is pursuing new "soft power" diplomacy to allay the world's fears of a "clash of civilizations" with the West resulting from its rise as a power with a view to creating "a community with a shared future along the Eurasia corridor."

President Xi Jinping's idea for building a community with a shared future contains several new approaches to comprehending global governance. First, the Congress stressed the importance of the global governance model practiced for so long, and China has been modest about its growing international influence and power as a new global power. However, in President Xi Jinping's idea for building a community with a shared future, the West has been replaced by China in terms of global governance and leadership. Second, China is pursuing new "soft power" diplomacy to allay the world's fears of a "clash of civilizations" with the West resulting from its rise as a power with a view to creating "a community with a shared future along the Eurasia corridor." Throughout the Congress, China's complex make up, all the while respecting and supporting different views and perspectives, is an important basis for a new approach to global governance. To address the lack of consensus and stalemate in the global governance model practiced for so long, China proposes the Belt and Road Initiative and the Eurasian Economic Union project offer an opportunity to provide stability in the crisis-hit region, despite the growing wave of anti-globalization and protectionism. China is pursuing new "soft power" diplomacy to allay the world's fears of a "clash of civilizations" with the West resulting from its rise as a power with a view to creating "a community with a shared future along the Eurasia corridor."

The Information Office, International Department of the CPC Central Committee

Pool of thoughts

An International Think Tank Symposium themed 19th CPC National Congress: Implications for China and the World was held on November 16 in Beijing. More than 200 scholars and think tanks from around the world participated in this event supported by the China Institute of Fudan University in Shanghai. The symposium opened on October 26. Excepted from their speech follows:

Irina Gomant, European Researcher:
The most important achievement of the 19th National Congress of the Communist Party of China (CPC) is defining the strategy for facing the second century of revolution and construction of socialism with Chinese characteristics for a new era. As the process of China's modernization and globalization continues, the CPC is preparing for the new era of the 21st century. The CPC is focusing on national development and modernization including economic, cultural, and social development. The CPC's strategy for the future describes a new path to socialism with Chinese characteristics following the CPC's development and the current reality of China. China's achievement in the CPC's strategy is the result of continuous efforts by China's people and leadership to inspire, and power to shape," which has greatly contributed to "global peace and development" in the last five years.

Peter Schetty, British Council:
China has been here before. But opening international dialogue is now a global policy priority. Eurasian is the new global and regional dialogue. China is in a unique position to become the world's new leader in humanities and cultural exchange. At the same time, China is becoming the world's new cultural superpower. China has been looking for ways to lead the world in the new era. The CPC has been advocating the Belt and Road Initiative to lead the world. The Belt and Road Initiative meets the major problems of the global economy and politics. China has been focusing on the Belt and Road Initiative to lead the world in the new era. The Belt and Road Initiative meets the major problems of the global economy and politics.

Jeffrey G. Mei, Head of the China Department of the British Council in China:
China has been here before. But opening international dialogue is now a global policy priority. Eurasian is the new global and regional dialogue. China is in a unique position to become the world's new leader in humanities and cultural exchange. At the same time, China is becoming the world's new cultural superpower. China has been looking for ways to lead the world in the new era. The CPC has been advocating the Belt and Road Initiative to lead the world. The Belt and Road Initiative meets the major problems of the global economy and politics. China has been focusing on the Belt and Road Initiative to lead the world in the new era. The Belt and Road Initiative meets the major problems of the global economy and politics.